



# TOMCAT 2 BLOX

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACCORDING TO REGULATION EC:  
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (*as amended*)

DATE OF ISSUE:  
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PREPARED BY:  
TH

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. **Product Identifier:**  
TOMCAT 2 BLOX

1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

**USE:** Anticoagulant Rodenticide - Ready to use

**FORM:** Formulated dry bait

1.2.2 Uses advised against

Use only for the purpose detailed in Section 1.2.1

1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**MANUFACTURER:**

Bell Laboratories, Inc.

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e: [registration@belllabs.com](mailto:registration@belllabs.com)

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CO10 1LN, UK

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1.4. **Emergency telephone number**

+1-952-852-4636 – USA - Available 24h

English language phone service

or Local or Regional Poison Control Centre:

**National Emergency Telephone Numbers**

Ireland	+353 01 809 2166 0800h – 2200h 7 days a week
UK	+ 44 0844 892 0111

1.5.


## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1. **Classification of the substance or mixture**

2.1.1 **Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]:** STOT RE2, H373

2.1.2 **Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC:** Not classified

2.2 **Label Elements**

<b>Labelling according to Regulation EC 1272/2008</b>	Hazard Pictograms: GHS08  <b>Signal Word: WARNING</b> <b>Hazard Statements</b> H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure <b>Precautionary Statements</b> P102: Keep out of reach of children P103: Read label before use P314: Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell P501: Dispose of contents / container in accordance with national regulations
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### 2.3. Other Hazards

Contains the anticoagulant Bromadiolone which may cause bleeding if ingested. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. No significant adverse effects expected under normal use conditions.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances

No Substances fulfill the criteria set forth in Annex II Section A of the REACH regulation (EC) No 1907-2006

### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture:

Formulated dry rodenticide bait containing Bromadiolone

Chemical name* (IUPAC)	% By weight*	CAS No.	EC No.	Classification**	
Bromadiolone [3-[3-(4'-Bromo-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one]	0.005 %	28772-56-7	249-205-9	<b>Regulation 1272/2008</b>	Acute tox. 1; H300, H310, H330 Repr. 1A; H360D STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410
				<b>Directive 67/548/EEC</b>	T <sup>+</sup> ; R26/27/28 R48/23/24/25 Repr. Cat. 1; R61 N; R50/53

\*Unlisted components are not listed are non-hazardous

\*\*Proposed classifications according to Regulation 1272/2008 and Directive 67/548/EEC are not yet finalized, details provided are as per the classification proposal submitted to ECHA in August 2010.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Ingestion:** Call physician or emergency number immediately. Do not give anything by mouth or induce vomiting unless instructed by physician.

**Inhalation:** Not applicable.

**Eye contact:** Flush with cool water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, obtain medical assistance.

**Skin contact:** Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops, obtain medical assistance.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Ingestion of excessive quantities may cause nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, extreme thirst, lethargy, diarrhea, bleeding.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Advice to physician:** If ingested, administer Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> intramuscularly or orally as indicated for bishydroxycoumarin overdoses. Repeat as necessary as based upon monitoring of prothrombin times.

**Antidote:** Phytomenadione, Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> is antidotal

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: water, foam or inert gas.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the mixture:** High temperature decomposition or burning in air can result in the formation of toxic gases, which may include carbon monoxide and traces of bromine and hydrogen bromide.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters:** Wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel: Gloves should be worn when handling the bait. Collect spillage without creating dust.

6.1.2 For emergency responders: Gloves should be worn when handling the bait. Collect spillage without creating dust.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow bait to enter drains or water courses. Where there is contamination of streams, rivers or lakes contact the appropriate environment agency.

### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For Containment: Sweep up spilled material immediately. Place in properly labeled container for disposal or re-use.

6.3.2 For Cleaning Up: Wash contaminated surfaces with detergent. Dispose of all wastes in accordance with all local, regional and national regulations.

6.3.3 Other Information: Not Applicable

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Sections 7, 8 & 13 for further details of personal precautions, personal protective equipment and disposal considerations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 Protective Measures: Keep product in the original container. Do not handle the product near food, animal foodstuffs or drinking water. Keep out of reach of children. Do not use near heat sources, open flame, or hot surfaces.

7.1.2 Advice on general occupational hygiene: Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in original container in a cool, dry place, inaccessible to pets and wildlife. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

### 7.3. Specific end uses(s)

Rodenticide.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control Parameters

Occupational exposure limits: Not established

### 8.2. Exposure Controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls: Not required

8.2.2 Personal Protection

Respiratory protection: Not required

Eye protection: Not required

Skin protection: Wear rubber gloves (for example, EN 374)

Hygiene recommendations: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls: Prevent the substance from entering drains and water-courses.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance/Colour:** Blue solid wax blocks

**Odour:** Sweet grain-like

**Odour Threshold:** Not applicable, odour not associated with a hazardous material.

**pH:** Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX is not dispersible with water.

**Melting point:** Not applicable to rodenticide bait (melting point for technical Bromadiolone: 192.6 to 193.9°C).

<b>Boiling point:</b>	Not applicable to rodenticide bait (for Bromadiolone: predicted boiling point: 705.9°C (MPBPWIN v1.43, Adapted Stein and Brown Method)).
<b>Flash point:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX does not contain components classified as flammable.
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX is a solid.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX does not contain components classified as flammable or explosive.
<b>Vapour Pressure:</b>	Not applicable to rodenticide bait (for Bromadiolone: $1.7 \times 10^{-17}$ Pa (MPBPWIN v1.43, Modified Grain Method)).
<b>Relative Density:</b>	1.12 g/mL @ 20°C
<b>Solubility (water):</b>	Not water soluble (for Bromadiolone: pH 5: 0.000 g/L at 20 to 24°C, pH 7: 0.016 g/L at 20 to 24°C, pH 9: 0.403 g/L at 20 to 24°C,).
<b>Solubility (solvents):</b>	Not applicable to rodenticide bait (for Bromadiolone: Methanol: 8.70 g/L at 20 to 24°C, Acetone: 19.3 g/L at 20 to 24°C, Ethyl acetate: 4.95 g/L at 20 to 24°C, Dichloroethane: 1.78 g/L at 20 to 24°C).
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:</b>	Not applicable to rodenticide bait (for Bromadiolone: 4.64 at 22°C (pH not reported)).
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX does not contain components classified as flammable.
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	Not applicable to rodenticide bait or Bromadiolone (MPBPWIN v 1.42 predicted boiling point for Bromadiolone is 705.9°C (adapted Stein and Brown method), is in excess of the EC A.2 maximum testing temperature of 360 °C).
<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX is not a liquid.
<b>Explosive properties:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX does not contain components classified as explosive.
<b>Oxidising properties:</b>	Not applicable, TOMCAT 2 BLOX does not contain oxidizing agents.

**9.2. Other Information:** None known

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable when stored in original container in a cool, dry location.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when stored in original container in a cool, dry location.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Please refer to 10.6. (Hazardous decomposition products).

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid extreme temperatures (below 0°C or above 40°C).

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid strongly alkaline materials.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperature decomposition or burning in air can result in the formation of toxic gases, which may include carbon monoxide and traces of bromine and hydrogen bromide.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### 11.1.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 11.1.2 Mixtures

##### 11.1.2.1 (a) Acute Toxicity

LD50, oral (ingestion): >5000 mg/kg (rats) (Bromadiolone Rat LD50 oral: 0.525 mg/kg bw).

LD50, dermal (skin contact): > 5001 mg/kg (rats) (Bromadiolone Rat LD50 dermal: 2.034 mg/kg bw).

LC50, inhalation: TOMCAT 2 BLOX is a solid block and therefore exposure by inhalation is not relevant.

##### 11.1.2.1 (b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Not irritating to skin.

##### 11.1.2.1 (c) Serious eye damage/Irritation

Not irritating to eyes.

#### 11.1.2.1 (d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Dermal sensitization: Not a Sensitizer (Guinea pig maximisation test).

#### 11.1.2.1 (e) Germ cell mutagenicity

TOMCAT 2 BLOX contains no components known to have a mutagenetic effect.

#### 11.1.2.1 (f) Carcinogenicity

TOMCAT 2 BLOX contains no components known to have a carcinogenetic effect.

#### 11.1.2.1 (g) Reproductive Toxicity

TOMCAT 2 BLOX: No data

#### 11.1.2.1 (h) STOT-Single Exposure

TOMCAT 2 BLOX: No data

#### 11.1.2.1 (i) STOT Repeated Exposure

TOMCAT 2 BLOX: is classified as STOT RE2 – Specific Target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2

#### 11.1.2.1 (j) Aspiration Hazard

Not applicable. TOMCAT 2 BLOX is a solid block.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Bromadiolone is classified as very toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Predatory and scavenging mammals and birds might be poisoned if they feed upon animals that have eaten bait. Use a bait station to minimize these risks. Please note, the data below reflects the active ingredient Bromadiolone. TOMCAT 2 BLOX is formulated @0.005% or 50ppm Bromadiolone. Ecological effects would be significantly lower for TOMCAT 2 BLOX.

### 12.1. Toxicity

For Bromadiolone:

Fish: 96h LC50 (*Pimephales promelas*) = 4.33 mg/L

Invertebrates: 48h EC50 (*Daphnia magna*) = 0.222 mg/L

Algae: 72h EbC50 *Selenastrum capricornutum* = >7.31 mg/L, 72h NOErC in *Selenastrum capricornutum* = 4.15 mg a.i./L

Microorganisms (activated sludge): EC50 >100 mg/L (30 min, respiration inhibition)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

For Bromadiolone: Not readily biodegradable under normal conditions. However, photolysis of Bromadiolone is rapid with a half-life 0.5 hours or less (pH7 and 9, 25°C). In addition Bromadiolone is not volatile and therefore would not be expected to be present in the air in significant quantities.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

For Bromadiolone: Log Pow is >3, which indicates a potential to bioaccumulate

BCF: For Bromadiolone, estimated for freshwater fish = 1750 (QSAR by Vieth et al (1979))

### 12.4. Mobility in Soil

K<sub>oc</sub>: 1223 to 36011 mL/g (advanced adsorption test).

Mobility of Bromadiolone in soil is considered to be limited.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

#### 13.1.1 Product/package disposal

Wastes resulting from use may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Dispose of all wastes in accordance with all local, regional and national regulations.

#### 13.1.2 Waste treatment-relevant information

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### 13.1.3 Sewage disposal-relevant information

Not applicable

#### 13.1.4 Other disposal recommendations

None

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID (Road/Rail)

Not applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

### 14.4. Packing group – not applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID (Road/Rail)

Not considered hazardous by ADR/RID Regulations for transportation via road/rail.

IMDG (Maritime)

Not considered hazardous by IMO Regulations for transportation *via* vessel.

IATA (Air)

Not considered hazardous by IATA Regulations for transportation *via* air.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

Not applicable

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:** TOMCAT 2 BLOX is regulated under Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 (as amended).

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment:** Exempt, TOMCAT 2 BLOX is regulated under Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 (as amended).

**15.3. Authorisation number IE:** IE/BPA 70121

**Authorisation number UK :** UK-2015-0943

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### CLASSIFICATION AND PROCEDURES USED IN PREPARATION OF THIS SDS:

### 16.1. Indication of changes

This is version 7 of the Safety Data Sheet for TOMCAT 2 BLOX. Updates to version6 were made to update the UK authorization number.

### 16.2. Abbreviations and acronyms

Not applicable

### 16.3. Key literature references and sources of data

Assessment Report (Inclusion of active substances in Annex I to Directive 98/8/EC, 30 May 2008, revised 16 December 2010). Bell Laboratories proprietary data.

### 16.4. Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP] and Directive 1999/45/EC

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

STOT RE2 – Specific Target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2  
H373 – may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### Classification Procedure

Concentration limit for Bromadiolone: STOT RE 2; H373: 0.0005% ≤ C < 0.005%  
(according to Committee for Risk Assessment, *Opinion proposing harmonised classification and labelling at EU level of Bromadiolone*, March 2014).

**16.5. Full Text for Hazard Class/Hazard Statements and Symbols/Risk Phrases**

Acute tox. 1: Acute toxicity, Category 1

Repr. 1A: Reproductive toxicant Category 1A

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1; Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute, Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1; Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic, Category 1

H300: Fatal if swallowed.

H310: Fatal in contact with skin.

H330: Fatal if inhaled.

H360D: May damage the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

T+: Very Toxic

Repr. Cat. 1: Toxic to reproduction, Category 1

N: Dangerous for the environment

R26/27/28: Very toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

R48/23/24/25: Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

R61: May cause harm to the unborn child

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

**16.6. Further Information:**

This Safety Data Sheet has been compiled in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010), Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and Directive 1999/45/EC.

For additional information, please contact the manufacturer noted in Section 1.

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